

# 1C2a Crystallographic and Magnetic Properties Studies on a Novel Cyanide-Bridged Molecule-Based Chiral Magnet

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The association of chiral ligands with achiral connectors is a rational synthetic approach towards the elaboration of chiral magnets which are expected to show fascinating physico-chemical properties, for example, asymmetric magnetic anisotropy and magnetochiral dichroism.<sup>1,2</sup>

Here, we present the study on novel chiral magnets {Mn<sup>II</sup>[D(L)-NH<sub>2</sub>ala]}[Mn<sup>III</sup>(CN)<sub>6</sub>]<sub>1/3</sub>·H<sub>2</sub>O (abbreviated as D(L)-1). The single crystal of **1** were obtained by the reaction of MnCl<sub>2</sub>, K<sub>3</sub>[Mn(CN)<sub>6</sub>], either D- or L-aminoalanine hydrochloride (D/L-NH<sub>3</sub>ala·HCl) and KOH in a mixture of ethanol and H<sub>2</sub>O. X-ray diffraction analysis indicates both the enantiomers crystallize in chiral space group *P*6<sub>3</sub>. The NH<sub>2</sub>ala<sup>-</sup> anion offers 4 ligating atoms and chelated two adjacent Mn<sup>II</sup> ions to form a triple-helical-stand structure. Then one [Mn<sup>III</sup>(CN)<sub>6</sub>]<sup>3-</sup> coordinates to three Mn<sup>II</sup> ions through CN group to complete Mn<sup>II</sup>'s octahedral coordination and gives rise to magnetic superexchange interaction between cyanide bridged Mn<sup>II</sup> and Mn<sup>III</sup>.

The magnetic properties study was carried on of both powder sample and a single crystal. It is interesting that this compound shows antiferromagnetic like behavior while the spin values of antiferromagnetic coupling Mn<sup>II</sup>-Mn<sup>III</sup> are non-equivalent. We infer that crystal **1** has a chiral magnetic structure with the screw axis along *c* direction which results in the antiferromagnetic like magnetic behaviors. Details of the discussion will be given in the presentation.

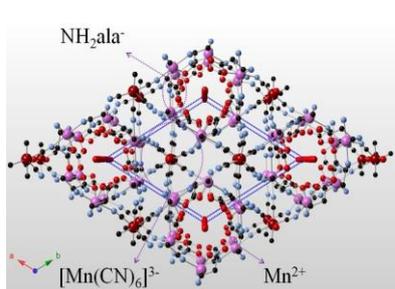


Fig. 1. Projection of the structure of **1** along *c* axis.

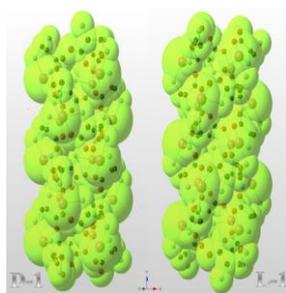


Fig. 2. Triple-helical-strand structure of **1** (D- and L-).

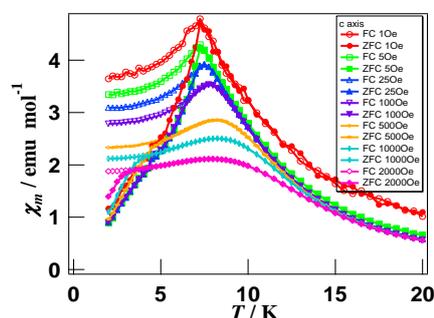


Fig. 3. FC-ZFC magnetization along *c* axis of the single crystal.

[1] C. Train, M. Verdaguer *et al.*, *Chem. Soc. Rev.*, **2011**, *40*, 3297-3312.

[2] H. Imai, K. Inoue, K.Kikuchi, Y.Yoshida, M.Ito, T.Sunahara, S.Onaka, *Angew Chem. Int. Ed.*,**2004**, *43*, 5618-5621.